Kantara Initiative eGovernment Implementation Profile of SAML V2.0

₃ Version 2.0

Working Draft 055

AprilMay 83, 2010

6 Document identifier:

7 draft-kantara-egov-saml2-profile-2.0

8 Location:

9 TBD

10 Editors:

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

11 Scott Cantor, Internet2

12 **Contributors:**

Kantara eGovernment WG

Andreas Åkre Solberg, UNINETT

Abstract:

This document contains an implementation profile for eGovernment use of SAML V2.0, suitable for the purposes of testing conformance of implementations of SAML V2.0. It is not a deployment profile, and does not provide for or reflect specific behavior expected of implementations when used within a particular deployment context.

Notice:

This document has been prepared by Participants of Kantara Initiative. Permission is hereby granted to use the document solely for the purpose of implementing the Specification. No rights are granted to prepare derivative works of this Specification. Entities seeking permission to reproduce portions of this document for other uses must contact Kantara Initiative to determine whether an appropriate license for such use is available.

26 27 28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

Implementation or use of certain elements of this document may require licenses under third party intellectual property rights, including without limitation, patent rights. The Participants of and any other contributors to the Specification are not and shall not be held responsible in any manner for identifying or failing to identify any or all such third party intellectual property rights. This Specification is provided "AS IS," and no Participant in Kantara Initiative makes any warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, including any implied warranties of merchantability, non-infringement of third party intellectual property rights, and fitness for a particular purpose. Implementers of this Specification are advised to review Kantara Initiative's website (http://www.kantarainitiative.org/) for information concerning any Necessary Claims Disclosure Notices that have been received by the Kantara Initiative Board of Trustees.

Copyright: The content of this document is copyright of Kantara Initiative. © 2010 Kantara Initiative.

Table of Contents

41	1 Introduction	3
42	1.1 Notation	3
43	1.2 Normative References	4
44	2 SAML V2.0 Implementation Profile	6
45	2.1 Required Information	6
46	2.2 Metadata and Trust Management	6
47	2.2.1 Metadata Profiles	6
48	2.2.2 Metadata Exchange	7
49	2.2.2.1 Metadata Verification	
50	2.3 Name Identifiers	
51	2.4 Attributes	7
52	2.5 Browser Single Sign-On	8
53	2.5.1 Identity Provider Discovery	
54	2.5.2 Authentication Requests	
55	2.5.2.1 Binding and Security Requirements	8
56	2.5.2.2 Message Content	
57	2.5.3 Responses.	9
58	2.5.3.1 Binding and Security Requirements	9
59 60	2.5.3.2 Message Content	٠9
61	2.5.4.1 Artifact Resolution Requests	
62	2.5.4.2 Artifact Resolution Responses	. 10
63	2.6 Browser Holder of Key Single Sign-On	
64	2.7 SAML 2.0 Proxying	
65	2.7.1 Authentication Requests	
66	2.7.2 Responses	
67	2.8 Single Logout	
68	2.8.1 Logout Requests	
69	2.8.1.1 Binding and Security Requirements	11
70	2.8.1.2 User Interface Behavior	. 11
71	2.8.2 Logout Responses	. 11
72	2.8.2.1 Binding and Security Requirements	11
73	3 Conformance Classes	
74	3.1 Standard	
75	3.2 Standard with Logout	. 13
76	3.3 Full	. 13
77	Appendix A. Open Issues	
78	Appendix B. Change Log	. 15
79		

1 Introduction

80

- SAML V2.0 is a rich and extensible standard that must be profiled to be used interoperably, and the 81
- profiles that typically emerge from the broader standardization process usually remain fairly broad and 82
- include a number of options and features that increase the burden for implementers and make 83
- deployment-time decisions more difficult. 84
- The Kantara Initiative eGovernment Implementation Profile provides a SAML V2.0 conformance 85
- specification for Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations operating in eGovernment 86
- federations and deployments. The profile is based on the SAML V2.0 specifications created by the 87
- Security Services Technical Committee (SSTC) of OASIS, and related specifications approved by that 88
- body. It constrains and supplements the base SAML V2.0 features, elements, and attributes required for
- eGovernment federations and deployments. 90
- 91 Implementation profiles define the features that software implementations must support such that
- deployers can be assured of the ability to meet their own (possibly varied) deployment requirements. 92
- Deployment profiles define specific options and constraints to which deployments are required to conform; 93
- they guide product configuration and federation operations, and provide criteria against which actual 94
- deployments may be tested. This document does not include a deployment profile, but reflects the 95
- features deemed necessary or desirable from software implementations in support of a variety of 96
- 97 deployment profiles planned and in use. This includes requirements deemed useful to further the eventual
- goal of interfederation between deployments. 98

1.1 Notation

- This specification uses normative text to describe the use of SAML capabilities. 100
- The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be interpreted as 101
- 102
- described in [RFC2119]: 103
- ...they MUST only be used where it is actually required for interoperation or to limit behavior 104 which has potential for causing harm (e.g., limiting retransmissions)... 105
 - These keywords are thus capitalized when used to unambiguously specify requirements over protocol and application features and behavior that affect the interoperability and security of implementations. When these words are not capitalized, they are meant in their natural-language sense.

Listings of XML schemas appear like this.

109 110

106

107

108

- Example code listings appear like this. 111
- Conventional XML namespace prefixes are used throughout the listings in this specification to stand for 112
- their respective namespaces as follows, whether or not a namespace declaration is present in the 113
- example: 114
- The prefix saml2: stands for the SAML 2.0 assertion namespace. 115 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion 116
- The prefix sam12p: stands for the SAML 2.0 protocol namespace, 117 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:protocol 118
- The prefix md: stands for the SAML 2.0 metadata namespace, 119 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:metadata 120
- The prefix idpdisc: stands for the Identity Provider Discovery Service Protocol and Profile 121 [IdPDisco] namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:profiles:SSO:idp-discovery-122 protocol 123

- The prefix mdattr: stands for the Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes Version 1.0 [MetaAttr]
 namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:metadata:attribute
- This specification uses the following typographical conventions in text: <ns:Element>, Attribute,

 Datatype, OtherCode.

1.2 Normative References

129 130	[RFC2119]	IETF RFC 2119, Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels, March 1997. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt
131 132	[RFC2560]	IETF RFC 2560, X.509 Internet Public Key Infrastructure Online Certificate Status Protocol, June 1999. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2560.txt
133 134	[RFC2616]	IETF RFC 2616, <i>Hypertext Transfer Protocol – HTTP/1.1</i> , June 1999. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt
135	[RFC2818]	IETF RFC 2818, HTTP Over TLS, May 2000. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2818.txt
136 137	[RFC4051]	IETF RFC 4051, Additional XML Security Uniform Resource Identifiers, April 2005. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4051.txt
138 139 140	[RFC5280]	IETF RFC 5280, Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile, May 2008. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5280.txt
141 142 143	[HoKSSO]	OASIS Committee Specification, SAML V2.0 Holder-of-Key Web Browser SSO Profile Version 1.0, July 2009. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-saml-holder-of-key-browser-sso-cs-01.pdf
144 145 146	[IdPDisco]	OASIS Committee Specification, <i>Identity Provider Discovery Service Protocol</i> and <i>Profile</i> , March 2008. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-saml-idp-discovery.pdf
147 148 149	[MetaAttr]	OASIS Committee Specification, SAML V2.0 Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes Version 1.0, August 2009. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-metadata-attr.pdf
150 151 152	[MetalOP]	OASIS Committee Specification, <i>SAML V2.0 Metadata Interoperability Profile Version 1.0</i> , August 2009. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-metadata-iop.pdf
153 154 155	[SAML2Core]	OASIS Standard, Assertions and Protocols for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V2.0, March 2005. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-core-2.0-os.pdf
156 157 158	[SAML2Meta]	OASIS Standard, <i>Metadata for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language</i> (SAML) V2.0, March 2005. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-metadata-2.0-os.pdf
159 160 161	[SAML2Bind]	OASIS Standard, <i>Bindings for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language</i> (SAML) V2.0, March 2005. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-bindings-2.0-os.pdf
162 163 164	[SAML2Prof]	OASIS Standard, <i>Profiles for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language</i> (SAML) V2.0, March 2005. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-profiles-2.0-os.pdf
165 166	[SAML2Err]	OASIS Approved Errata, <i>SAML V2.0 Errata</i> , Dec 2009. http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/37166/sstc-saml-approved-errata-2.0-02.pdf
167 168 169	[SAML-X500]	OASIS Committee Specification, <i>SAML V2.0 X.500/LDAP Attribute Profile</i> , March 2008. http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/sstc-saml-attribute-x500.pdf

170 171 172	[XMLEnc]	D. Eastlake et al. XML Encryption Syntax and Processing. World Wide Web Consortium Recommendation. http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xmlenc-core-20021210/	
173 174 175	[XMLSig]	D. Eastlake et al. <i>XML-Signature Syntax and Processing, Second Edition</i> . World Wide Web Consortium Recommendation, June 2008. http://www.w3.org/TR/xmldsig-core/	
176	Non-Normative References		
177 178 179	[eGov15]	Kyle Meadors, <i>Liberty Alliance eGov Profile for SAML 2.0 Version 1.5</i> . http://www.projectliberty.org/liberty/content/download/4711/32210/file/Liberty_Alliance_eGov_Profile_1.5_Final.pdf	

2 SAML V2.0 Implementation Profile

- This profile specifies behavior and options that implementations of a selected set of SAML V2.0 profiles
- 182 [SAML2Prof] are required to support. The requirements specified are in addition to all normative
- requirements of the original profiles, as modified by the Approved Errata [SAML2Err], and readers should
- be familiar with all relevant reference documents. Any such requirements are not repeated here except
- where deemed necessary to highlight a point of discussion or draw attention to an issue addressed in
- 186 errata, but remain implied.

180

192

197

202

- 187 SAML leaves substantial latitude to implementations with regard to how software is architected and
- combined with authentication and application infrastructure. Where the terms "Identity Provider" and
- "Service Provider" are used, they should be understood to include the total software footprint intended to
- provide the desired functionality; no specific assumptions are made as to how the required features are
- exposed to deployers, only that there is some method for doing so.

2.1 Required Information

- 193 **Identification:** http://kantarainitiative.org/eGov/profiles/SAML2.0/v2.0
- 194 Contact information: http://kantarainitiative.org/confluence/display/eGov/Home
- 195 **Description:** Given below
- 196 **Updates:** Liberty Alliance eGov Profile for SAML 2.0 [eGov15]

2.2 Metadata and Trust Management

- 198 Identity Provider, Service Provider, and Discovery Service implementations MUST support the use of
- 199 SAML V2.0 Metadata [SAML2Meta] in conjunction with their support of the SAML V2.0 profiles referenced
- 200 by subsequent sections. Additional expectations around the use of particular metadata elements related to
- 201 profile behavior may be encountered in those sections.

2.2.1 Metadata Profiles

- 203 | Implementations MUST support the SAML V2.0 Metadata Interoperability Profile Version 1.0 [MetalOP].
- 204 Implementations MUST support the TBD: insert profile for PKI here.
- 205 Implementations MUST also support an alternative to that profile's language on use of the
- 206 <md: KeyDescriptor> element as follows:
- Implementations MUST support the <ds:X509Certificate> elementa as input to subsequent requirements. Support for other representations, and for other mechanisms for credential distribution, is OPTIONAL.
- Implementations MUST support some form of path validation of tsigning, TLS, and encryption credentials used to secure SAML exchanges against one or more trusted root certificates.
 Implementations SHOULD document the behavior of the validation mechanisms they employ.
- Implementations MUST support the use of OCSP [RFC2560] and certificate revocation lists
 (CRLs) obtained via the "CRL Distribution Point" X.509 extension [RFC5280] for revocation
 checking of those credentials.
- Implementations MAY support additional constraints on the contents of certificates used by
 particular entities, such as "subjectAltName" or "DN", key usage constraints, or policy extensions,
 but SHOULD document such features and make them optional to enable where possible.

- 219 Implementations SHOULD support the SAML V2.0 Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes Version
- 220 1.0 [MetaAttr] and provide policy controls on the basis of SAML attributes supplied via this extension
- 221 <u>mechanism.</u>

222 **2.2.2 Metadata Exchange**

- 223 It is OPTIONAL for implementations to support the generation or exportation of metadata, but
- 224 implementations MUST support the publication of metadata using the Well-Known-Location method
- defined in section 4.1 of [SAML2Meta] (under the assumption that entityID values used are suitable for
- 226 such support).
- 227 Implementations MUST support the following mechanisms for the importation of metadata:
- local file
- remote resource at fixed location accessible via HTTP 1.1 [RFC2616] or HTTP 1.1 over TLS/SSL [RFC2818]
- 231 In the case of HTTP resolution, implementations MUST support use of the "ETag" and "Last-Modified"
- 232 headers for cache management; other cache control support is OPTIONAL. Implementations SHOULD
- 233 support the use of more than one fixed location for the importation of metadata, but MAY leave their
- 234 behavior unspecified if a single entity's metadata is present in more than one source.
- 235 | Importation of multiple entities' metadata contained within an <md: EntitiesDescriptor> element
- 236 MUST be supported.
- 237 | Finally, implementations SHOULD allow for the automated updating/reimportation of metadata without
- 238 <u>service degradation or interruption.</u>

239 2.2.2.1 Metadata Verification

- 240 In accordance with [MetalOP], importation of multiple entities' metadata contained within an 241 <a
- Verification of metadata, if supported, MUST include XML signature verification at least at the root element level, and SHOULD support the following mechanisms for signature key trust establishment:
 - direct comparison against known keys
- some form of path-based certificate validation against one or more trusted root certificates and
 certificate revocation lists
- 247 The latter mechanism does not impose a particular profile for certificate validation, as no such profile has
- 248 wide enough adoption across tools and libraries to warrant such a requirement, but should be understood
- as being consistent with the "usual" practices encountered in the implementation of certificate validation.
- 250 Where possible, implementations SHOULD document known limitations of the mechanisms they employ.
- 251 | Implementations SHOULD support the SAML V2.0 Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes Version 1.0
- 252 [MetaAttr] and provide policy controls on the basis of SAML attributes supplied via this extension
- 253 mechanism.

244

256

- 254 Finally, implementations SHOULD allow for the automated updating/reimportation of metadata without
- 255 service degradation or interruption.

2.3 Name Identifiers

- 257 In conjunction with their support of the SAML V2.0 profiles referenced by subsequent sections, Identity
- 258 Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the following SAML V2.0 name identifier
- formats, in accordance with the normative obligations associated with them by [SAML2Core]:

- urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:persistent
- urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:transient
- 262 Support for other formats is OPTIONAL.

2.4 Attributes

- In conjunction with their support of the SAML V2.0 profiles referenced by subsequent sections, Identity
- 265 Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the generation and consumption of
- 266 <saml2:Attribute> elements that conform to the SAML V2.0 X.500/LDAP Attribute Profile [SAML-
- 267 X500].

263

- The ability to support <sam12: AttributeValue> elements whose values are not simple strings (e.g.,
- 269 <saml2:NameID>, or other XML values) is OPTIONAL. Such content could be base64-encoded as an
- 270 alternative.

271 2.5 Browser Single Sign-On

272 This section defines an implementation profile of the SAML V2.0 Web Browser SSO Profile [SAML2Prof].

273 2.5.1 Identity Provider Discovery

- 274 Service Provider and Discovery Service implementations MUST support the Identity Provider Discovery
- 275 Service Protocol Profile in conformance with section 2.4.1 of [IdPDisco].

2.5.2 Authentication Requests

2.5.2.1 Binding and Security Requirements

- 278 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the HTTP-Redirect
- 279 binding [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <saml2p: AuthnRequest> messages, including the
- 280 generation or verification of signatures in conjunction with this binding.
- 281 Support for other bindings is OPTIONAL.

282 2.5.2.2 Message Content

- 283 In addition to standard core- and profile-driven requirements, Service Provider implementations MUST
- support the inclusion of at least the following <saml2p:AuthnRequest> child elements and attributes
- 285 (when appropriate):

- AssertionConsumerServiceURL
- ProtocolBinding
- 288 ForceAuthn
- 289 IsPassive
- 290 AttributeConsumingServiceIndex
- <saml2p:RequestedAuthnContext>

- 293 Identity Provider implementations MUST support all <sam12p: AuthnRequest> child elements and
- 294 attributes defined by [SAML2Core], but MAY provide that support in the form of returning appropriate
- errors when confronted by particular request options. However, implementations MUST fully support the
- 296 options enumerated above.
- 297 Implementations MAY limit their support of the <saml2p:RequestedAuthnContext> element to the
- 298 | value "exact" for the Comparison attribute.
- 299 Identity Provider implementations MUST support verification of requested
- 300 | AssertionConsumerServiceURL locations via comparison to <md: AssertionConsumerService>
- 301 elements supplied via metadata using case-sensitive string comparison. It is OPTIONAL to support other
- means of comparison (e.g., canonicalization or other manipulation of URL values) or alternative verification
- 303 mechanisms.

304

2.5.3 Responses

2.5.3.1 Binding and Security Requirements

- 306 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the HTTP-POST and
- 307 HTTP-Artifact bindings [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <sam12p:Response> messages.
- 308 Support for other bindings, and for artifact types other than
- urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:artifact-04, is OPTIONAL.
- 310 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the generation and consumption of
- unsolicited <saml2p:Response> messages (i.e., responses that are not the result of a
- 312 <saml2p:AuthnRequest> message).
- 313 Identity Provider implementations MUST support the issuance of <saml2p:Response> messages (with
- appropriate status codes) in the course of encountering error conditions event of an error condition.
- provided that the user agent remains available and thean acceptable location to which to deliver the
- response is knowable available. The criteria for "acceptability" of a response location are not formally
- 317 specified, but are subject to Identity Provider policy and reflect its
- responsibility to protect users from being sent to untrusted or possibly malicious parties. Note that this is a
- stronger requirement than the comparable language in [SAML2Prof].
- 320 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the signing of
- 321 <sam12:Assertion> elements in responses; support for signing of the <sam12p:Response> element
- 322 is OPTIONAL.

326

- 323 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of XML Encryption via the
- 324 <saml2:EncryptedAssertion> element when using the HTTP-POST binding; support for the
- 325 <saml2:EncryptedID> and <saml2:EncryptedAttribute> elements is OPTIONAL.

2.5.3.2 Message Content

- The Web Browser SSO Profile allows responses to contain any number of assertions and statements.
- 328 Identity Provider implementations MUST allow the number of <saml2:Assertion>,
- 329 <saml2:AuthnStatement>, and <saml2:AttributeStatement> elements in the
- 330 <sam12p:Response> message to be limited to one.
- In turn, Service Provider implementations MAY limit support to a single instance of those elements when
- 332 processing <saml2p:Response> messages.
- 333 Identity Provider implementations MUST support the inclusion of a Consent attribute in
- 334 <saml2p:Response> messages, and a SessionIndex attribute in <saml2:AuthnStatement>
- 335 elements.

- 336 Service Provider implementations that provide some form of session semantics MUST support the
- 337 <saml2:AuthnStatement> element's SessionNotOnOrAfter attribute.

338 2.5.4 Artifact Resolution

- Pursuant to the requirement in section 2.5.3.1 for support of the HTTP-Artifact binding [SAML2Bind] for
- the transmission of <sam12p:Response> messages, implementations MUST support the SAML V2.0
- 341 Artifact Resolution profile [SAML2Prof] as constrained by the following subsections.

2.5.4.1 Artifact Resolution Requests

- 343 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the SAML SOAP (using
- 344 HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <saml2p:ArtifactResolve>
- 345 messages.

342

- Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to
- authenticate requests; support for TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in conjunction
- with the SAML SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.

2.5.4.2 Artifact Resolution Responses

- 350 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the SAML SOAP (using
- 351 HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <saml2p:ArtifactResponse>
- 352 messages.

356

368

- 353 Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to
- authenticate responses; support for TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in
- conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.

2.6 Browser Holder of Key Single Sign-On

- This section defines an implementation profile of the SAML V2.0 Holder-of-Key Web Browser SSO Profile
- 358 Version 1.0 [HoKSSO].
- 359 The implementation requirements defined in section 2.5 for the non-holder-of-key profile apply to
- implementations of this profile.

361 **2.7 SAML 2.0 Proxying**

- 362 Section 3.4.1.5 of [SAML2Core] defines a formalized approach to proxying the SAML 2.0 Authentication
- Request protocol between multiple Identity Providers. This section defines an implementation profile for
- this behavior suitable for composition with the Single Sign-On profiles defined in sections 2.5 and 2.6.
- The requirements of the profile are imposed on Identity Provider implementations acting as a proxy.
- These requirements are in addition to the technical requirements outlined in section 3.4.1.5.1 of
- 367 [SAML2Core], which also MUST be supported.

2.7.1 Authentication Requests

- 369 Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the mapping of incoming to outgoing
- 370 <saml2p:RequestedAuthnContext> and <saml2p:NameIDPolicy> elements, such that deployers
- may choose to pass through values or map between different vocabularies as required.

- 372 Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the suppression/eliding of
- 373 <saml2p:RequesterID> elements from outgoing <saml2p:AuthnRequest> messages to allow for
- 374 <u>hiding the identity of the Service Provider from proxiedo Identity Providers.</u>

2.7.2 Responses

375

387

401

- 376 Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the mapping of incoming to outgoing
- 377 <sam12: AuthnContext> elements, such that deployers may choose to pass through values or map
- between different vocabularies as required.
- 379 Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the suppression of
- 380 <saml2: Authenticating Authority > elements from outgoing <saml2: AuthnContext > elements
- 381 to allow for hiding the identity of the proxied Identity Provider from Service Providers.

382 2.8 Single Logout

- This section defines an implementation profile of the SAML V2.0 Single Logout Profile [SAML2Prof].
- For clarification, the technical requirements for each message type below reflect the intent to normatively
- require initiation of logout by a Service Provider using either the front- or back-channel, and
- initiation/propagation of logout by an Identity Provider using the back-channel.

2.8.1 Logout Requests

2.8.1.1 Binding and Security Requirements

- 389 Identity Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding
- 390 [SAML2Bind] for the issuance of <saml2p:LogoutRequest> messages, and MUST support the SAML
- 391 SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) and HTTP-Redirect bindings [SAML2Bind] for the reception of
- 392 <saml2p:LogoutRequest> messages.
- 393 Service Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding
- 394 [SAML2Bind] for both issuance and reception of <saml2p:LogoutRequest> messages.
- 395 Support for other bindings is OPTIONAL.
- 396 Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to
- 397 authenticate requests; support for TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in conjunction
- with the SAML SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.
- 399 Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of XML Encryption via the
- 400 <sam12: EncryptedID> element when using the HTTP-Redirect binding.

2.8.1.2 User Interface Behavior

- Identity Provider implementations MUST support both user-initiated termination of the local session only
- 403 and user-initiated Single Logout. Upon receipt of a <saml2p:LogoutRequest> message via a front-
- channel binding, Identity Provider implementations MUST support user intervention governing the choice
- of propagating logout to other Service Providers, or limiting the operation to the Identity Provider. Of
- 406 course, implementations MUST return status information (e.g. partial logout indication) as appropriate.
- 407 Service Provider implementations MUST support both user-initiated termination of the local session only
- 408 and user-initiated Single Logout.
- 409 TBD: Requirements on administrative logout (i.e., not the user)?

2.8.2 Logout Responses

410

2.8.2.1 Binding and Security Requirements

- Identity Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) and
- 413 HTTP-Redirect bindings [SAML2Bind] for the issuance of <saml2p:LogoutResponse> messages, and
- MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the reception of
- 415 <saml2p:LogoutResponse> messages.
- 416 Service Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding
- 417 [SAML2Bind] for both issuance and reception of <saml2p:LogoutResponse> messages.
- 418 Support for other bindings is OPTIONAL.
- Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to
- 420 authenticate responses; support for TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in
- 421 conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.

3 Conformance Classes

423 3.1 Standard

422

430

- 424 Conforming Identity Provider and/or Service Provider implementations MUST support the normative
- requirements in sections 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, and 2.5.
- Implementations MUST support the signature and digest algorithms identified by the following URIs in
- conjunction with the creation and verification of XML Signatures [XMLSig]:
- http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256 (defined in [RFC4051])
- http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256 (defined in [XMLEnc])

3.2 Standard with Logout

- 431 Conforming Identity Provider and/or Service Provider implementations MUST meet the conformance
- requirements in section 3.1, and MUST in addition support the normative requirements in section 2.8.

433 **3.3 Full**

- 434 Conforming Identity Provider and/or Service Provider implementations MUST meet the conformance
- requirements in section 3.1, and MUST in addition support the normative requirements in sections 2.6,
- 436 2.7, and 2.8.

Appendix A. Open Issues

- Need an alternative to IOP, or agreement to drop PKI outside of metadata exchange. Alternative needs to specify PKI to some degree AND address the exact content and semantics of metadata as relates to runtime certificate evaluation and/or identity of SAML peer.
- Do implementations need to be able to prevent non-use of TLS on front-channel?
- Need for more than exact AuthnContext matching?
- Need for specific MTI behavior on ACS checking?
- Single logout language around UI and consent needs review, and need text on administrative logout.
- Populate with conformance criteria.
- Is feature discussion of AuthnContext and metadata tagging enough to cover LOA issues?
- Need to bump HoK reference to new profile version if it reaches CS-02

Appendix B. Change Log

449

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461

- Draft 01: first working draft based on similar document created by InCommon Federation
 - Draft 02: first round of feedback incorporated, deployment section dropped, new section on Artifact Resolution added, artifact added for SSO responses, SOAP added for logout, discovery moved under SSO, language on non-string attributes added, changed SHOULD to MUST for IdP support of selected AuthnRequest features
 - Draft 03: moved Artifact Resolution into a SSO profile subsection, new language on SOAP security and SLO bindings, added metadata publication via WKL, added language on IdP error handling, added Holder of Key SSO profile, added Conformance Classes
 - Draft 04: added UI language around SLO, layered conformance language and added MTI algorithms, added section for Proxying
 - Draft 05: revised language for IdP error handling, added text on ACS checking, added proxying privacy language, heavily revised metadata section and added a "pseudo-profile" for combining certificates in metadata with PKI as an IOP alternative