

# Kantara Initiative eGovernment Implementation Profile of SAML V2.0

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- 8 Contributors:
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- 10 Status: This document is a Kantara Initiative Final Report, created by the
- eGovernment WG (see section 3.9 and 4 of the Kantara Initiative Operating Procedures)
- 12 Abstract:
- This document contains an implementation profile for eGovernment use of SAML
- 14 V2.0, suitable for the purposes of testing conformance of implementations of
- SAML V2.0. It is not a deployment profile, and does not provide for or reflect
- specific behavior expected of implementations when used within a particular
- 17 deployment context.
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# **INTRODUCTION**

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82 83 84 85 86	SAML V2.0 is a rich and extensible standard that must be profiled to be used interoperably, and the profiles that typically emerge from the broader standardization process usually remain fairly broad and include a number of options and features that increase the burden for implementers and make deployment-time decisions more difficult.
87 88 89 90 91 92 93	The Kantara Initiative eGovernment Implementation Profile provides a SAML V2.0 conformance specification for Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations operating in eGovernment federations and deployments. The profile is based on the SAML V2.0 specifications created by the Security Services Technical Committee (SSTC) of OASIS, and related specifications approved by that body. It constrains and supplements the base SAML V2.0 features, elements, and attributes required for eGovernment federations and deployments.
94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101	Implementation profiles define the features that software implementations must support such that deployers can be assured of the ability to meet their own (possibly varied) deployment requirements. Deployment profiles define specific options and constraints to which deployments are required to conform; they guide product configuration and federation operations, and provide criteria against which actual deployments may be tested. This document does not include a deployment profile, but reflects the features deemed necessary or desirable from software implementations in support of a variety of deployment profiles planned and in use. This includes requirements deemed useful to further the eventual goal of interfederation between deployments.
103	1.1 Notation
104	This specification uses normative text to describe the use of SAML capabilities.
105 106 107	The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119]:
108 109 110	they MUST only be used where it is actually required for interoperation or to limit behavior which has potential for causing harm (e.g., limiting retransmissions)
111 112 113 114	These keywords are thus capitalized when used to unambiguously specify requirements over protocol and application features and behavior that affect the interoperability and security of implementations. When these words are not capitalized, they are meant in their natural-language sense.

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115	Listings of XML schemas appear like this.
116	Example code listings appear like this.
117 118 119	Conventional XML namespace prefixes are used throughout the listings in this specification to stand for their respective namespaces as follows, whether or not a namespace declaration is present in the example:
120 121	• The prefix sam12: stands for the SAML 2.0 assertion namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion
122 123	• The prefix saml2p: stands for the SAML 2.0 protocol namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:protocol
124 125	• The prefix md: stands for the SAML 2.0 metadata namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:metadata
126 127 128 129	• The prefix idpdisc: stands for the Identity Provider Discovery Service Protocol and Profile [IdPDisco] namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:profiles:SSO:idp-discovery-protocol
130 131 132	• The prefix mdattr: stands for the Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes Version 1.0 [MetaAttr] namespace, urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:metadata:attribute
133 134	This specification uses the following typographical conventions in text: <ns:element>, Attribute, Datatype, OtherCode.</ns:element>

# 2 SAML V2.0 IMPLEMENTATION PROFILE

136 137 138 139 140 141 142	This profile specifies behavior and options that implementations of a selected set of SAML V2.0 profiles [SAML2Prof] are required to support. The requirements specified are <i>in addition to</i> all normative requirements of the original profiles, as modified by the Approved Errata [SAML2Err], and readers should be familiar with all relevant reference documents. Any such requirements are not repeated here except where deemed necessary to highlight a point of discussion or draw attention to an issue addressed in errata, but remain implied.
143 144 145 146 147 148	SAML leaves substantial latitude to implementations with regard to how software is architected and combined with authentication and application infrastructure. Where the terms "Identity Provider" and "Service Provider" are used, they should be understood to include the total software footprint intended to provide the desired functionality; no specific assumptions are made as to how the required features are exposed to deployers, only that there is some method for doing so.
149	2.1 Required Information
150	Identification: http://kantarainitiative.org/eGov/profiles/SAML2.0/v2.0
151	Contact information: http://kantarainitiative.org/confluence/display/eGov/Home
152	Description: Given below
153	Updates: Liberty Alliance eGov Profile for SAML 2.0 [eGov15]
154	2.2 Metadata and Trust Management
155 156 157 158 159	Identity Provider, Service Provider, and Discovery Service implementations MUST support the use of SAML V2.0 Metadata [SAML2Meta] in conjunction with their support of the SAML V2.0 profiles referenced by subsequent sections. Additional expectations around the use of particular metadata elements related to profile behavior may be encountered in those sections.
160	2.2.1 Metadata Profiles
161 162	Implementations MUST support the SAML V2.0 Metadata Interoperability Profile Version 1.0 [MetaIOP].
163 164	In addition, implementations MUST support the use of the <md:keydescriptor> element as follows:</md:keydescriptor>

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- Implementations MUST support the <ds:X509Certificate> element as input to subsequent requirements. Support for other key representations, and for other mechanisms for credential distribution, is OPTIONAL.
- Implementations MUST support some form of path validation of signing, TLS, and encryption credentials used to secure SAML exchanges against one or more trusted certificate authorities. Support for PKIX [RFC5280] is RECOMMENDED; implementations SHOULD document the behavior of the validation mechanisms they employ, particular with respect to limitations or divergence from PKIX [RFC5280].
- Implementations MUST support the use of OCSP [RFC2560] and Certificate Revocation Lists (CRLs) obtained via the "CRL Distribution Point" X.509 extension [RFC5280] for revocation checking of those credentials.
- Implementations MAY support additional constraints on the contents of certificates used by particular entities, such as "subjectAltName" or "DN", key usage constraints, or policy extensions, but SHOULD document such features and make them optional to enable where possible.
- Note that these metadata profiles are intended to be mutually exclusive within a given
- deployment context; they are alternatives, rather than complimentary or compatible uses
- of the same metadata information.
- 184 Implementations SHOULD support the SAML V2.0 Metadata Extension for Entity
- Attributes Version 1.0 [MetaAttr] and provide policy controls on the basis of SAML
- attributes supplied via this extension mechanism.

#### 2.2.2 Metadata Exchange

- 188 It is OPTIONAL for implementations to support the generation or exportation of
- metadata, but implementations MUST support the publication of metadata using the
- 190 Well-Known-Location method defined in section 4.1 of [SAML2Meta] (under the
- assumption that entityID values used are suitable for such support).
- 192 Implementations MUST support the following mechanisms for the importation of
- 193 metadata:

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- 194 local file
- remote resource at fixed location accessible via HTTP 1.1 [RFC2616] or HTTP 1.1 over TLS/SSL [RFC2818]
- 197 In the case of HTTP resolution, implementations MUST support use of the "ETag" and
- 198 "Last-Modified" headers for cache management. Implementations SHOULD support the

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199 200	use of more than one fixed location for the importation of metadata, but MAY leave their behavior unspecified if a single entity's metadata is present in more than one source.	
201 202	-	tation of multiple entities' metadata contained within an EntitiesDescriptor> element MUST be supported.
203 204		y, implementations SHOULD allow for the automated updating/reimportation of ata without service degradation or interruption.
205	2.2.2.	1 Metadata Verification
206 207 208	, 11	
209	•	Direct comparison against known keys.
210 211 212 213 214 215	•	Some form of path-based certificate validation against one or more trusted certificate authorities, along with certificate revocation lists and/or OCSP [RFC2560]. Support for PKIX [RFC5280] is RECOMMENDED; implementations SHOULD document the behavior of the validation mechanisms they employ, particular with respect to limitations or divergence from PKIX [RFC5280].
216	2.3	Name Identifiers
217 218 219 220	In conjunction with their support of the SAML V2.0 profiles referenced by subsequent sections, Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the following SAML V2.0 name identifier formats, in accordance with the normative obligations associated with them by [SAML2Core]:	
221	•	urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:persistent
222	•	urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:transient
223	Suppo	ort for other formats is OPTIONAL.
224	2.4	Attributes
225	In con	junction with their support of the SAML V2.0 profiles referenced by subsequent

sections, Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the generation and consumption of <saml2:Attribute> elements that conform to the

SAML V2.0 X.500/LDAP Attribute Profile [SAML-X500].

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229 230 231	The ability to support <saml2:attributevalue> elements whose values are not simple strings (e.g., <saml2:nameid>, or other XML values) is OPTIONAL. Such content could be base64-encoded as an alternative.</saml2:nameid></saml2:attributevalue>
232	2.5 Browser Single Sign-On
233 234	This section defines an implementation profile of the SAML V2.0 Web Browser SSO Profile [SAML2Prof].
235	2.5.1 Identity Provider Discovery
236 237 238	Service Provider and Discovery Service implementations MUST support the Identity Provider Discovery Service Protocol Profile in conformance with section 2.4.1 of [IdPDisco].
239	2.5.2 Authentication Requests
240	2.5.2.1 Binding and Security Requirements
241 242 243 244	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the HTTP-Redirect binding [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <pre><saml2p:authnrequest></saml2p:authnrequest></pre> messages, including the generation or verification of signatures in conjunction with this binding.
245	Support for other bindings is OPTIONAL.
246	2.5.2.2 Message Content
247 248 249	In addition to standard core- and profile-driven requirements, Service Provider implementations MUST support the inclusion of at least the following <saml2p:authnrequest> child elements and attributes (when appropriate):</saml2p:authnrequest>
250	• AssertionConsumerServiceURL
251	• ProtocolBinding
252	• ForceAuthn
253	• IsPassive
254	• AttributeConsumingServiceIndex
255	<pre>      <saml2p:requestedauthncontext> </saml2p:requestedauthncontext></pre>
256	<pre>   <saml2p:nameidpolicy> </saml2p:nameidpolicy></pre>

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257 258 259 260 261	Identity Provider implementations MUST support all <saml2p:authnrequest> child elements and attributes defined by [SAML2Core], but MAY provide that support in the form of returning appropriate errors when confronted by particular request options. However, implementations MUST fully support the options enumerated above, and be configurable to utilize those options in a useful manner as defined by [SAML2Core].</saml2p:authnrequest>
262 263 264 265	Implementations MAY limit their support of the <pre><saml2p:requestedauthncontext> element to the value "exact" for the Comparison attribute, but MUST otherwise support any allowable content of the element.</saml2p:requestedauthncontext></pre>
266 267 268 269 270 271	Identity Provider implementations MUST support verification of requested AssertionConsumerServiceURL locations via comparison to <md:assertionconsumerservice> elements supplied via metadata using case-sensitive string comparison. It is OPTIONAL to support other means of comparison (e.g., canonicalization or other manipulation of URL values) or alternative verification mechanisms.</md:assertionconsumerservice>
272	2.5.3 Responses
273	2.5.3.1 Binding and Security Requirements
<ul><li>274</li><li>275</li><li>276</li></ul>	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the HTTP-POST and HTTP-Artifact bindings [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <pre><saml2p:response> messages.</saml2p:response></pre>
277 278	Support for other bindings, and for artifact types other than urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:artifact-04, is OPTIONAL.
279 280 281	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the generation and consumption of unsolicited <pre><pre>saml2p:Response&gt; messages (i.e., responses that are not the result of a <pre><pre>saml2p:AuthnRequest&gt; message)</pre>.</pre></pre></pre>
282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289	Identity Provider implementations MUST support the issuance of <saml2p:response> messages (with appropriate status codes) in the event of an error condition, provided that the user agent remains available and an acceptable location to which to deliver the response is available. The criteria for "acceptability" of a response location are not formally specified, but are subject to Identity Provider policy and reflect its responsibility to protect users from being sent to untrusted or possibly malicious parties. Note that this is a stronger requirement than the comparable language in [SAML2Prof].</saml2p:response>

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290 291 292	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the signing of <pre><sam12:assertion> elements in responses; support for signing of the <sam12p:response> element is OPTIONAL.</sam12p:response></sam12:assertion></pre>
293 294 295 296	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of XML Encryption via the <saml2:encryptedassertion> element when using the HTTP-POST binding; support for the <saml2:encryptedid> and <saml2:encryptedattribute> elements is OPTIONAL.</saml2:encryptedattribute></saml2:encryptedid></saml2:encryptedassertion>
297	2.5.3.2 Message Content
298 299 300 301 302 303	The Web Browser SSO Profile allows responses to contain any number of assertions and statements. Identity Provider implementations MUST allow the number of <pre><saml2:assertion></saml2:assertion></pre> , <pre><saml2:authnstatement></saml2:authnstatement></pre> , and <pre><saml2:attributestatement></saml2:attributestatement></pre> elements in the <pre><saml2p:response></saml2p:response></pre> message to be limited to one. In turn, Service Provider implementations MAY limit support to a single instance of those elements when processing <pre><saml2p:response></saml2p:response></pre> messages.
304 305 306	Identity Provider implementations MUST support the inclusion of a Consent attribute in <saml2p:response> messages, and a SessionIndex attribute in <saml2:authnstatement> elements.</saml2:authnstatement></saml2p:response>
307 308 309	Service Provider implementations that provide some form of session semantics MUST support the <saml2: authnstatement=""> element's SessionNotOnOrAfter attribute.</saml2:>
310 311 312 313 314 315 316	Service Provider implementations MUST support the acceptance/rejection of assertions based on the content of the <saml2:authnstatement> element's <saml2:authncontext> element. Implementations also MUST support the acceptance/rejection of particular <saml2:authncontext> content based on the identity of the Identity Provider. [IAP] provides one such mechanism via SAML V2.0 metadata and is RECOMMENDED; though this specification is in draft form, the technical details are not expected to change prior to eventual approval.</saml2:authncontext></saml2:authncontext></saml2:authnstatement>
317	2.5.4 Artifact Resolution
318 319 320 321	Pursuant to the requirement in section 2.5.3.1 for support of the HTTP-Artifact binding [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <pre>saml2p:Response&gt; messages, implementations MUST support the SAML V2.0 Artifact Resolution profile [SAML2Prof] as constrained by the following subsections.</pre>

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322	2.5.4.1	Artifact Resolution Requests		
323 324 325	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the transmission of <saml2p:artifactresolve> messages.</saml2p:artifactresolve>			
326 327 328	Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to authenticate requests; support for TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.			
329	2.5.4.2	Artifact Resolution Responses		
330 331 332	SAML S	Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the Eq: ArtifactResponse> messages.		
333 334 335	authentic	entations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and cation to authenticate responses; support for TLS client authentical fauthentication in conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is Compared to the same statement of the same support for TLS client authentication in conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is Compared to the same statement of the same support for TLS client authentication in conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is Compared to the same statement of the	tion, or other	
336	2.6 B	Browser Holder of Key Single Sign-On		
337 338		tion defines an implementation profile of the SAML V2.0 Holder-SSO Profile Version 1.0 [HoKSSO].	of-Key Web	
339 340		lementation requirements defined in section 2.5 for the non-holde implementations of this profile.	r-of-key profile	
341	2.7 S	SAML 2.0 Proxying		
342 343 344 345	2.0 Authorities at	3.4.1.5 of [SAML2Core] defines a formalized approach to proxying tentication Request protocol between multiple Identity Providers. In implementation profile for this behavior suitable for composition ign-On profiles defined in sections 2.5 and 2.6.	This section	
346 347 348	as a prox	airements of the profile are imposed on Identity Provider implements. These requirements are in addition to the technical requirements a.4.1.5.1 of [SAML2Core], which also MUST be supported.		
349	2.7.1 A	Authentication Requests		
350 351 352 353	outgoing <saml2< td=""><td>g Identity Provider implementations MUST support the mapping of saml2p:RequestedAuthnContext&gt; and 2p:NameIDPolicy&gt; elements, such that deployers may choose r map between different vocabularies as required.</td><td>_</td></saml2<>	g Identity Provider implementations MUST support the mapping of saml2p:RequestedAuthnContext> and 2p:NameIDPolicy> elements, such that deployers may choose r map between different vocabularies as required.	_	

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Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the suppression/eliding of <pre><saml2p:requesterid> elements from outgoing <saml2p:authnrequest> messages to allow for hiding the identity of the Service Provider from proxied Identity Providers.</saml2p:authnrequest></saml2p:requesterid></pre>
2.7.2 Responses
Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the mapping of incoming to outgoing <pre>saml2:AuthnContext&gt; elements</pre> , such that deployers may choose to pass through values or map between different vocabularies as required.
Proxying Identity Provider implementations MUST support the suppression of <saml2:authenticatingauthority> elements from outgoing <saml2:authncontext> elements to allow for hiding the identity of the proxied Identity Provider from Service Providers.</saml2:authncontext></saml2:authenticatingauthority>
2.8 Single Logout
This section defines an implementation profile of the SAML V2.0 Single Logout Profile [SAML2Prof].
For clarification, the technical requirements for each message type below reflect the intent to normatively require initiation of logout by a Service Provider using either the front- or back-channel, and initiation/propagation of logout by an Identity Provider using the back-channel.
2.8.1 Logout Requests
2.8.1.1 Binding and Security Requirements
Identity Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the issuance of <saml2p:logoutrequest> messages, and MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) and HTTP-Redirect bindings [SAML2Bind] for the reception of <saml2p:logoutrequest> messages.</saml2p:logoutrequest></saml2p:logoutrequest>
Service Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for both issuance and reception of <saml2p:logoutrequest> messages.</saml2p:logoutrequest>
Support for other bindings is OPTIONAL.
Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to authenticate <pre><saml2p:logoutrequest></saml2p:logoutrequest></pre> messages; support for

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386 387	TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in conjunction with the SAML SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.
388 389 390	Identity Provider and Service Provider implementations MUST support the use of XML Encryption via the <saml2:encryptedid> element when using the HTTP-Redirect binding.</saml2:encryptedid>
391	2.8.1.2 User Interface Behavior
392 393 394 395 396 397 398	Identity Provider implementations MUST support both user-initiated termination of the local session only and user-initiated Single Logout. Upon receipt of a <saml2p:logoutrequest> message via a front-channel binding, Identity Provider implementations MUST support user intervention governing the choice of propagating logout to other Service Providers, or limiting the operation to the Identity Provider. Of course, implementations MUST return status information to the requesting entity (e.g. partial logout indication) as appropriate.</saml2p:logoutrequest>
399 400	Service Provider implementations MUST support both user-initiated termination of the local session only and user-initiated Single Logout.
401 402	Identity Provider implementations MUST also support the administrative initiation of Single Logout for any active session, subject to appropriate policy.
403	2.8.2 Logout Responses
404	2.8.2.1 Binding and Security Requirements
405 406 407 408 409	Identity Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) and HTTP-Redirect bindings [SAML2Bind] for the issuance of <saml2p:logoutresponse> messages, and MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for the reception of <saml2p:logoutresponse> messages.</saml2p:logoutresponse></saml2p:logoutresponse>
410 411 412	Service Provider implementations MUST support the SAML SOAP (using HTTP as a transport) binding [SAML2Bind] for both issuance and reception of <saml2p:logoutresponse> messages.</saml2p:logoutresponse>
413	Support for other bindings is OPTIONAL.
414 415 416	Implementations MUST support the use of SAML message signatures and TLS server authentication to authenticate <pre><saml2p:logoutresponse></saml2p:logoutresponse></pre> messages; support for TLS client authentication, or other forms of authentication in conjunction with the SAML

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SOAP binding, is OPTIONAL.

## 3 CONFORMANCE CLASSES

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419	3.1	Standard
420 421		ming Identity Provider and/or Service Provider implementations MUST support mative requirements in sections 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, and 2.5.
422	3.1.1	Signature and Encryption Algorithms
423 424 425		nentations MUST support the signature and digest algorithms identified by the ng URIs in conjunction with the creation and verification of XML Signatures Sig]:
426 427		http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256 (defined in [RFC4051])
428	•	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256 (defined in [XMLEnc])
429 430 431		nentations SHOULD support the signature and digest algorithms identified by the ng URIs in conjunction with the creation and verification of XML Signatures Sig]:
432 433		http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#ecdsa-sha256 (defined in [RFC4051])
434 435		entations MUST support the block encryption algorithms identified by the following URIs in tion with the use of XML Encryption [XMLEnc]:
436	•	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#tripledes-cbc
437	•	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc
438	•	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc
439 440		entations MUST support the key transport algorithms identified by the following URIs in tion with the use of XML Encryption [XMLEnc]:
441	•	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-1_5
442	•	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-oaep-mgf1p
443	Impleme	entations SHOULD support the key agreement algorithms identified by the following URIs

• http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#ECDH-ES (defined in [XMLEnc11])

in conjunction with the use of XML Encryption [XMLEnc]:

		rernment Implementation Profile of SAML V2.0	version: 2.0
447 448 449		(This is a Last Call Working Draft of XML Encryption 1.1, and this normative is contingent on W3C ratification of this specification without normative charalgorithm's definition.)	
450	Suppo	ort for other algorithms is OPTIONAL.	
451	3.2	Standard with Logout	
452 453 454	Conforming Identity Provider and/or Service Provider implementations MUST meet the conformance requirements in section 3.1, and MUST in addition support the normative requirements in section 2.8.		
455	3.3	Full	
456 457 458	Conforming Identity Provider and/or Service Provider implementations MUST meet the conformance requirements in section 3.1, and MUST in addition support the normative requirements in sections 2.6, 2.7, and 2.8.		

# 4 REFERENCES

460	4.1 Normative References
461 462	[RFC2119] IETF RFC 2119, <i>Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels</i> , March 1997. <a href="http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt">http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</a>
463 464 465	[RFC2560] IETF RFC 2560, X.509 Internet Public Key Infrastructure Online Certificate Status Protocol, June 1999. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2560.txt
466 467	[RFC2616] IETF RFC 2616, Hypertext Transfer Protocol – HTTP/1.1, June 1999. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt
468 469	[RFC2818] IETF RFC 2818, HTTP Over TLS, May 2000. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2818.txt
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Version: 2.0

Kantara Initiative:

#### 5 APPENDIX A. REVISION HISTORY

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524 Draft 01: first working draft based on similar document created by InCommon 525 Federation 526 Draft 02: first round of feedback incorporated, deployment section dropped, new 527 section on Artifact Resolution added, artifact added for SSO responses, SOAP 528 added for logout, discovery moved under SSO, language on non-string attributes 529 added, changed SHOULD to MUST for IdP support of selected AuthnRequest 530 features 531 Draft 03: moved Artifact Resolution into a SSO profile subsection, new language 532 on SOAP security and SLO bindings, added metadata publication via WKL, added language on IdP error handling, added Holder of Key SSO profile, added 533 534 **Conformance Classes** 535 Draft 04: added UI language around SLO, layered conformance language and 536 added MTI algorithms, added section for Proxying 537 Draft 05: revised language for IdP error handling, added text on ACS checking, 538 added proxying privacy language, heavily revised metadata section and added a "pseudo-profile" for combining certificates in metadata with PKI as an IOP 539 540 alternative 541 Draft 06: added normative reference to RFC5280 in path validation text, 542 expanded algorithm requirements, added sentence on administrative logout 543 Draft 07, clarifications on AuthnContext support and reference to IAP, additional 544 algorithm reference, change to boilerplate sections to match Kantara template